

# URSO

Osuna was located 86 km from Seville, in the Sevillian Sierra Sur. Its Roman name was Urso.

It is one of the destinations of the Roman Bética Route, a tourist itinerary that passes through the provinces of Seville, Cadiz and Cordoba, traveling through the territories through which the Vía Augusta ran.

- In the year 211 .C., during the Second Punic Wars, Publio and Escipion's legions set up their camps in winter.
- Some years later, during the period of Civil wars, Urso opted for Pompeyo instead of Julius Caesar
- After being besieged, Julius Caesar's troops won. Even though Urso had not supported him, Julius Caesar elevated it to the rank of a colony and named it Julia Genitiva Urso. He even allowed it to mint his own currency, it was called Ursón, as we can read in Osuna bronze tables.

The most important remains are:

Roman Theatre	Lex Ursonensis	Caves Necrópolis
Currently only six rows of stands remain. It is located where the forum is believed to have been due to the high number of archaeological objects found.	The laws of the city were collected in the bronze tables that were found in Osuna at the end of the XIX century. Currently they are shown in the Archaeological Museum of Madrid	It is located on the outskirts of the city. There are several graves dug out of the rock. Traces of the bird frescoes that decorated it are still preserved on its walls.
		